

**EXAMPLE 13.11**

ORIGIN := 1

T := 500      P := 40      R := 8.314

$$K_{a1} := \exp\left(\frac{5772.5}{T} - 4.81 \cdot \ln(T) + 1.72 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot T - 6.79 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot T^2 + 19.1\right) = 4.233$$

$$K_{a2} := \exp\left(\frac{-5130}{T} + 3.16 \cdot \ln(T) - 4.023 \cdot 10^{-3} + 1.55 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot T^2 - 14.15\right) = 0.012$$

$$\Delta H_1 := R \cdot T^2 \cdot \left(\frac{-5772.5}{T^2} - \frac{4.81}{T} + 1.72 \cdot 10^{-3} - 13.58 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot T\right) = -6.582 \times 10^4$$

$$\Delta H_2 := R \cdot T^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5130}{T^2} + \frac{3.16}{T} - 4.023 \cdot 10^{-3} + 3.1 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot T\right) = 5.065 \times 10^4$$

$$T_c := \begin{pmatrix} 487.2 \\ 33.2 \\ 513 \end{pmatrix} \quad P_c := \begin{pmatrix} 60 \\ 13 \\ 81 \end{pmatrix} \quad \omega := \begin{pmatrix} 0.257 \\ -0.216 \\ 0.556 \end{pmatrix} \quad k := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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root(p, q, r) :=
  v ← (r
        q
        p
        1)
  x ← polyroots(v)
  for i ∈ 1..3
    xi ← 0 if Im(xi) ≠ 0
  x1 ← max(x)
  y ← min(x)
  x2 ← max(x) if y = 0
      y otherwise
  (x1
   x2)

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$$\begin{aligned}
\phi(\varepsilon) := & \left\{ \begin{array}{l}
y_1 \leftarrow \frac{1 - \varepsilon}{5 - \varepsilon} \\
y_2 \leftarrow \frac{4 - 2\varepsilon}{5 - \varepsilon} \\
y_3 \leftarrow \frac{2\varepsilon}{5 - \varepsilon} \\
n \leftarrow 3 \\
\text{for } i \in 1 \dots n \\
\quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l}
T_{r_i} \leftarrow \frac{T}{T_{c_i}} \\
P_{r_i} \leftarrow \frac{P}{P_{c_i}} \\
\alpha_i \leftarrow \left[ 1 + \left[ 0.37464 + 1.54226 \cdot \omega_i - 0.26992 \cdot (\omega_i)^2 \right] \cdot \left( 1 - \sqrt{T_{r_i}} \right) \right]^2 \\
A_{i,j} \leftarrow 0.45724 \cdot \frac{P_{r_i}}{(T_{r_i})^2} \cdot \alpha_i \\
B_i \leftarrow 0.07780 \cdot \left( \frac{P_{r_i}}{T_{r_i}} \right)
\end{array} \right. \\
\text{for } i \in 1 \dots n \\
\quad \text{for } j \in 1 \dots n \\
\quad \quad A_{i,j} \leftarrow (1 - k_{i,j}) \cdot \sqrt{A_{i,i} \cdot A_{j,j}} \\
A_{\text{mix}} \leftarrow \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n (y_i \cdot y_j \cdot A_{i,j}) \\
B_{\text{mix}} \leftarrow \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i \cdot B_i) \\
p \leftarrow -1 + B_{\text{mix}} \\
q \leftarrow A_{\text{mix}} - 3 \cdot B_{\text{mix}}^2 - 2 \cdot B_{\text{mix}} \\
r \leftarrow -A_{\text{mix}} \cdot B_{\text{mix}} + B_{\text{mix}}^2 + B_{\text{mix}}^3 \\
Z \leftarrow \text{root}(p, q, r)_1 \\
C \leftarrow \ln \left[ \frac{Z + (1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot B_{\text{mix}}}{Z + (1 - \sqrt{2}) \cdot B_{\text{mix}}} \right]
\end{array} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 1 \dots n \\ \phi_i \leftarrow \exp \left[ \frac{B_i \cdot (Z - 1)}{B_{\text{mix}}} - \ln(Z - B_{\text{mix}}) - \frac{A_{\text{mix}} \cdot C}{2\sqrt{2} \cdot B_{\text{mix}}} \cdot \left[ \frac{2 \cdot \sum_{j=1}^n (y_j \cdot A_{i,j})}{A_{\text{mix}}} - \frac{B_i}{B_{\text{mix}}} \right] \right] \\ \phi \end{array} \right|$$

$$K_{\phi}(\varepsilon) := \frac{(\phi(\varepsilon)_3)^2}{\phi(\varepsilon)_1 \cdot (\phi(\varepsilon)_2)^2}$$

$$K_Y(\varepsilon) := \frac{4\varepsilon^2 \cdot (5 - \varepsilon)}{(1 - \varepsilon)(4 - 2\varepsilon)^2}$$

$$\varepsilon := 0.99$$

Given

$$K_{a1} = \frac{K_{\phi}(\varepsilon) \cdot K_Y(\varepsilon)}{\rho}$$

$$\text{Find}(\varepsilon) = 0.983$$