

MAT 101
MATHEMATICS FOR SOCIAL SCIENCES

MULTIVARIATE CALCULUS
Solutions of Selected Problems from Sections 17.2 and 17.10

Problems 17.2 (page 754)

Suggested Problems: 1-35

2. $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 3xy$

$$f_x(x, y) = 2(2x) + 3(1)y = 4x + 3y$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 0 + 3x(1) = 3x$$

4. $f(x, y) = \ln 2$

$$f_x(x, y) = 0$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 0$$

6. $g(x, y) = (x+1)^2 + (y-3)^3 + 5xy^3 - 2$

$$g_x(x, y) = 2(x+1) + 0 + 5(1)y^3 - 0$$

$$= 2(x+1) + 5y^3$$

$$g_y(x, y) = 0 + 3(y-3)^2 + 5x(3y^2) - 0$$

$$= 3(y-3)^2 + 15xy^2$$

8. $g(w, z) = \sqrt[3]{w^2 + z^2} = (w^2 + z^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$g_w(w, z) = \frac{1}{3}(w^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{2}{3}}(2w) = \frac{2w}{3(w^2 + z^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$g_z(w, z) = \frac{1}{3}(w^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{2}{3}}(2z) = \frac{2z}{3(w^2 + z^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

10. $h(u, v) = \frac{8uv^2}{u^2 + v^2}$

$$h_u(u, v) = 8v^2 \frac{(u^2 + v^2)(1) - u(2u)}{(u^2 + v^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{8v^2(v^2 - u^2)}{(u^2 + v^2)^2}$$

$$h_v(u, v) = 8u \frac{(u^2 + v^2)(2v) - v^2(2v)}{(u^2 + v^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{16u^3v}{(u^2 + v^2)^2}$$

16. $z = (x^2 + y^2)e^{2x+3y+1}$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = (x^2 + y^2)[e^{2x+3y+1}(2)] + e^{2x+3y+1}[2x] = (2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2x)e^{2x+3y+1}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = (x^2 + y^2)[e^{2x+3y+1}(3)] + e^{2x+3y+1}[2y] = (3x^2 + 3y^2 + 2y)e^{2x+3y+1}$$

18. $z = \ln(5x^3y^2 + 2y^4)^4 = 4 \ln(5x^3y^2 + 2y^4)$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{5x^3y^2 + 2y^4} [5(3x^2)y^2 + 0] = \frac{60x^2y^2}{5x^3y^2 + 2y^4} = \frac{60x^2y^2}{y^2(5x^3 + 2y^2)} = \frac{60x^2}{5x^3 + 2y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{5x^3y^2 + 2y^4} [5x^3(2y) + 2(4y^3)] = \frac{4(10x^3y + 8y^3)}{5x^3y^2 + 2y^4} = \frac{8y(5x^3 + 4y^2)}{y(5x^3y + 2y^3)} = \frac{8(5x^3 + 4y^2)}{5x^3y + 2y^3}$$

20. $f(r, s) = (rs)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{2+r}$

$$f_r(r, s) = (rs)^{\frac{1}{2}} [e^{2+r}(1)] + e^{2+r} \left[\frac{1}{2} (rs)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (s) \right] = \left[\sqrt{rs} + \frac{s}{2\sqrt{rs}} \right] e^{2+r}$$

$$f_s(r, s) = e^{2+r} \left[\frac{1}{2} (rs)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (r) \right] = \frac{re^{2+r}}{2\sqrt{rs}}$$

22. $f(r, s) = (5r^2 + 3s^3)(2r - 5s)$

$$f_r(r, s) = (5r^2 + 3s^3)[2] + (2r - 5s)[10r] = 2(5r^2 + 3s^3) + 10r(2r - 5s)$$

$$f_s(r, s) = (5r^2 + 3s^3)[-5] + (2r - 5s)[9s^2] = -5(5r^2 + 3s^3) + 9s^2(2r - 5s)$$

24. $g(x, y, z) = 2xy^2z^6 - 4x^2y^3z^2 + 3xyz$

$$g_x(x, y, z) = 2(1)y^2z^6 - 4(2x)y^3z^2 + 3(1)yz$$

$$= 2y^2z^6 - 8xy^3z^2 + 3yz$$

$$g_y(x, y, z) = 2x(2y)z^6 - 4x^2(3y^2)z^2 + 3x(1)z$$

$$= 4xyz^6 - 12x^2y^2z^2 + 3xz$$

$$g_z(x, y, z) = 2xy^2(6z^5) - 4x^2y^3(2z) + 3xy(1)$$

$$= 12xy^2z^5 - 8x^2y^3z + 3xy$$

26. $g(r, s, t, u) = rs \ln(2t + 5u)$

$$g_r(r, s, t, u) = (1)s \ln(2t + 5u) = s \ln(2t + 5u)$$

$$g_s(r, s, t, u) = r(1) \ln(2t + 5u) = r \ln(2t + 5u)$$

$$g_t(r, s, t, u) = rs \left[\frac{1}{2t + 5u} (2) \right] = \frac{2rs}{2t + 5u}$$

$$g_u(r, s, t, u) = rs \left[\frac{1}{2t + 5u} (5) \right] = \frac{5rs}{2t + 5u}$$

28. $z = \sqrt{2x^3 + 5xy + 2y^2}$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{6x^2 + 5y}{2\sqrt{2x^3 + 5xy + 2y^2}}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right|_{(0,1)} = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

30. $g(x, y, z) = \frac{3x^2y^2 + 2xy + x - y}{xy - yz + xz}$

$$g_y(x, y, z) = \frac{(xy - yz + xz)(6x^2y + 2x - 1) - (3x^2y^2 + 2xy + x - y)(x - z)}{(xy - yz + xz)^2}$$

$$g_y(1, 1, 5) = \frac{(1 - 5 + 5)(6 + 2 - 1) - (3 + 2 + 1 - 1)(1 - 5)}{(1 - 5 + 5)^2} = 27$$

Problem 17.10 (p. 793)

Suggested Problems: 1-18

$$2. \int_1^4 \int_0^3 y \, dy \, dx = \int_1^4 \left. \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^3 dx = \int_1^4 \frac{9}{2} dx = \left. \frac{9x}{2} \right|_1^4 = \frac{27}{2}$$

$$4. \int_0^2 \int_0^3 x^2 \, dy \, dx = \int_0^2 x^2 y \Big|_0^3 dx = \int_0^2 3x^2 dx = \left. x^3 \right|_0^2 = 8$$

$$6. \int_{-2}^3 \int_0^2 (y^2 - 2xy) \, dy \, dx = \int_{-2}^3 \left(\frac{y^3}{3} - xy^2 \right) \Big|_0^2 dx$$

$$= \int_{-2}^3 \left[\left(\frac{8}{3} - 4x \right) - 0 \right] dx = \int_{-2}^3 \left(\frac{8}{3} - 4x \right) dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{8}{3}x - 2x^2 \right) \Big|_{-2}^3 = (8 - 18) - \left(-\frac{16}{3} - 8 \right)$$

$$= \frac{10}{3}$$

$$8. \int_0^3 \int_0^x (x^2 + y^2) \, dy \, dx = \int_0^3 \left(x^2 y + \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^x dx$$

$$= \int_0^3 \left(x^3 + \frac{x^3}{3} \right) dx = \int_0^3 \frac{4x^3}{3} dx = \left. \frac{x^4}{3} \right|_0^3 = 27$$

$$10. \int_1^2 \int_0^{x-1} 2y \, dy \, dx = \int_1^2 y^2 \Big|_0^{x-1} dx$$

$$= \int_1^2 (x-1)^2 dx = \left. \frac{(x-1)^3}{3} \right|_1^2 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$12. \int_0^2 \int_0^{x^2} xy \, dy \, dx = \int_0^2 \left. \frac{xy^2}{2} \right|_0^{x^2} dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{x^5}{2} dx = \left. \frac{x^6}{12} \right|_0^2 = \frac{16}{3}$$

$$14. \int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^y y \, dx \, dy = \int_0^1 xy \Big|_{y^2}^y dy = \int_0^1 (y^2 - y^3) dy$$

$$= \left(\frac{y^3}{3} - \frac{y^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$16. \int_0^3 \int_{y^2}^{3y} 5x \, dx \, dy = \int_0^3 \left. \frac{5x^2}{2} \right|_{y^2}^{3y} dy$$

$$= \int_0^3 \left(\frac{45y^2}{2} - \frac{5y^4}{2} \right) dy$$

$$= \left(\frac{15y^3}{2} - \frac{y^5}{2} \right) \Big|_0^3 = \frac{405}{2} - \frac{243}{2} = 81$$

$$18. \int_0^1 \int_0^1 e^{y-x} \, dx \, dy = \int_0^1 -e^{y-x} \Big|_0^1 dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 (-e^{y-1} + e^y) dy = (-e^{y-1} + e^y) \Big|_0^1$$

$$= (-e^0 + e^1) - (-e^{-1} + e^0) = -1 + e + e^{-1} - 1$$

$$= -2 + e + e^{-1}$$