# DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING CVE 372 HYDROMECHANICS 2011-12 Spring 

Due Date: March 13, 2012

## ASSIGNMENT - 1

FLOW IN CLOSED CONDUITS

## Fully Developed Flows in Closed Conduits

## Problem 1

The wall shear stress in a fully developed flow portion of a 30 cm diameter pipe carrying water is 90 $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. Determine the pressure gradient, $\Delta p / \Delta x$, where x is in the flow direction, if the pipe is
(a) horizontal $(\rightarrow)$,
(b) vertical with flow up ( $\uparrow$ ), and
(c) vertical with flow down $(\downarrow)$.

## Problem 2

The pressure drop needed to force water through a horizontal 2.5 cm diameter pipe is $4000 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ for every 360 cm length of pipe.
(a) Determine the shear stress on the pipe wall.
(b) Determine the shear stress at distance 0.75 and 1.25 cm away from the pipe wall.

## Problem 3

Water flows downhill through a 10 cm diameter steel pipe. The slope of the hill is such that for each 1.5 km of horizontal distance, the change in elevation is $\Delta \mathrm{z}$ meter. Determine the maximum value of $\Delta z$ if the flow is to remain laminar, with a temperature of $\mathrm{T}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and pressure all along the pipe is constant.

## Problem 4

Determine the thickness of the viscous sublayer in a smooth 20 cm diameter pipe, if the Reynolds number is 25000 .

## Problem 5

A 20 m long, 1 cm diameter hose with a roughness of $\varepsilon=0.2743 \mathrm{~mm}$ is fastened to a water faucet where the pressure is $p_{1}$. Determine $p_{1}$ if there is no nozzle attached and the average velocity in the hose is $1.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Neglect minor losses and elevation changes. Take $v=10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$.

